# **TOWN OF MAYERTHORPE**

**Financial Statements** 

For The Year Ended December 31, 2019



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Mayerthorpe

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Mayerthorpe (the "Town"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Mayerthorpe as at December 31, 2019, the results of its operations and accumulated surplus, changes in its net financial debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

METRIX GROUP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Edmonton, Alberta March 23, 2020

FINANCIAL ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Accounts receivable (Note 3) Local improvements receivable (Note 4) Land held for resale Long-term investments	\$	2019 461,200 662,836 977,197 70,020 7,279	\$	2018 650,412 939,855 1,038,258 53,718 10,861
	-	2,178,532		2,693,104
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)		467,519 2,375		666,848 2,395
Deposit liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 6)		581,867		714,580
Long-term debt (Note 7)	-	3,206,494	-	3,390,700
	-	4,258,255	-	4,774,523
NET FINANCIAL DEBT		(2,079,723)		(2,081,419)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Inventory for consumption Prepaid expenses Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1)		105,794 33,625 28,594,425	-	106,975 32,292 25,676,679
	1	28,733,844		25,815,946
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 9)	\$	26,654,121	\$	23,734,527

ON BEHALF OF TOWN COUNCIL:

**CONTINGENCIES** (Note 12)

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Deputy Mayor

# TOWN OF MAYERTHORPE Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

					-	
DEVENUE		Budget 2019 (Note 16)		Actual <u>2019</u>		Actual 2018
REVENUE  Net taxation (Schedule 2) User fees and sales of goods Government transfers for operating (Schedule 3) Other Franchise fees (Note 13) Penalties on taxes Fines Investment income Licenses and permits Local improvements	\$	1,540,782 1,503,953 588,929 127,986 137,397 48,481 29,500 11,504 17,200 113,811	\$	1,441,856 1,281,974 679,615 175,830 146,961 47,617 33,635 20,546 12,012	\$	1,441,739 1,113,310 530,700 26,727 129,904 51,101 33,171 46,173 10,920
	_	4,119,040	-	3,040,040	1	0,000,140
Parks and recreation Administration Roads, streets, walks and lighting Water supply and distribution Planning and development Wastewater treatment and disposal Family and community support services Bylaws enforcement Waste management Fire services Council and legislative Public transit Cemeteries Library Storm sewers and drainage Disaster and emergency services Amortization	-	764,886 563,282 556,743 381,800 478,407 183,116 163,279 153,200 160,208 229,804 109,665 107,888 49,670 59,640 39,358 24,932	-	643,888 579,361 468,079 431,524 244,056 202,948 180,694 149,299 143,462 133,570 112,283 110,916 52,094 50,272 31,529 21,326 940,038		593,039 441,298 481,996 386,208 369,263 110,781 190,275 142,236 147,222 159,680 113,072 94,432 48,456 51,809 48,256 15,006 983,258
ANNUAL CURRENCE (DEFICIT) REFORE OTHER ITEMS			-			
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS	· _	93,665	-	(655,293)		(992,542)
OTHER REVENUE (EXPENSES)  Contributed assets  Government transfers for capital (Schedule 3)  Other contributions for capital  Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	1,286,839 - -	-	2,813,934 761,082 - (128)		855,165 31,819 3,443
		1,286,839		3,574,888		890,427
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	_	1,380,504	-	2,919,595		(102,115)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		23,734,526		23,734,526		23,836,642
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$_	25,115,030	\$	26,654,121	,	\$ 23,734,526

# TOWN OF MAYERTHORPE Statement of Changes in Net Financial Debt For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

	(	Budget <u>2019</u> Note 16)		tual )19		Actual 2018
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$	1,380,504	\$ 2,9	19,595	\$_	(102,115)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets		1,052,715) - - - -	(2,8	51,526) 13,934) 7,550 40,038 128	_	(1,368,492) 20,600 983,258 (3,443)
	_(	1,052,715)	(2,9	<u>17,744</u> )	_	(368,077)
Use (acquisition) of prepaid expenses Use (acquisition) of inventory				(1,336) <u>1,181</u>	_	(11,557) 12,016
				<u>(155</u> )	_	459
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL DEBT		327,789		1,696		(469,733)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_(	(2,081,419)	(2,0	<u>81,419</u> )	-	(1,611,686)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT, END OF YEAR	\$(	(1,753,630)	\$ <u>(2,0</u>	<u>79,723</u> )	\$_	(2,081,419)

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Annual Surplus	\$	2,919,595	\$	(102,115)
Non-cash items included in annual surplus: Amortization of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets		940,038 (2,813,934) 128	-	983,258 - (3,44 <u>3</u> )
	).	1,045,827		877,700
Change in non-cash working capital balances: Accounts receivable Local improvements receivable Inventory of supplies Prepaid expenses Land held for resale Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities Deferred revenue		277,019 61,061 1,181 (1,336) (16,302) (199,330) (20) (132,713)	-	(346,649) 119,190 12,016 (11,557) - 1,893 (180) (34,235)
	,	(10,440) 1,035,387		(259,522) 618,178
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of long-term debt		<u>(184,205</u> )		(230,177)
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES  Acquisition of tangible capital assets  Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets  Long term investments		(1,051,526) 7,550 3,582		(1,368,492) 20,600 (4,581)
CHANGE IN CACH AND CACH FOUNTAL ENTO FOR THE VEAR		(1,040,394)	27	(1,352,473)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE YEAR		(189,212)		(964,472)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	650,412	*	1,614,884
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	461,200	\$	650,412

TOWN OF MAYERTHORPE Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

Cost includes construction in progress of \$2,127,865 (2018 - \$1,518,753). These amounts are not amortized until the asset is completed and in use.

	<u>2019</u> (Budget) (Note 16)	<u>2019</u> (Actual)	<u>2018</u> (Actual)
TAXATION  Real property taxes  Linear property taxes  Government grants in place of property taxes	\$ 1,789,577 43,903 20,542	\$ 1,706,705 44,088 20,542	\$ 1,709,841 43,989 21,458
	1,854,022	1,771,335	1,775,288
DEDUCT: Education requisition Seniors Foundation requisition Designated Industrial Property requisition	290,494 22,746	306,163 23,131 185	309,836 23,634 
	313,240	329,479	333,549
NET MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ <u>1,540,782</u>	\$ <u>1,441,856</u>	\$ <u>1,441,739</u>

		2019 (Budget) (Note 16)		<u>2019</u> (Actual)		<u>2018</u> (Actual)
GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Provincial	\$	323,766	\$	398,310	\$	294,366
Local Governments Federal		205,263 59,900		220,604 60,701		227,734 8,600
T Gastai	_	588,929	-	679,615		530,700
		566,929		0/9,013		330,700
Provincial	_	1,286,839	_	761,082	22	855 <u>,165</u>
	\$_	1,875,768	\$_	1,440,697	\$_	1,385,865

TOWN OF MAYERTHORPE Schedule of Segmented Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2019

Schedule 4

2018	1,441,739 1,432,691 1,113,310 153,085 129,904	4,270,729	1,456,318 874,519 668,294 184,533 123,581 81,531 810 983,258	(102,115)
2019	1,441,856 \$ 1,440,697 1,281,974 289,640 146,961 2,813,934	7,415,062	1,543,124 784,420 884,074 172,893 116,173 53,456 1,289 940,038	2,919,595 \$
Community <u>Services</u>	127,382 33,148 9,755	170,285	148,318 32,572 118,722 3,870 4,089	(137,286) \$
Environmental ( <u>Services</u>	363,784 953,639 6,339	1,323,762	237,707 205,175 197,609 - 80,410 - 357,507	245,354 \$
Recreation and Electrical Electri	314,824 112,696 68,954	496,474	241,717 154,143 226,515 30,000 41,784 226,346	(424,031) \$
Planning and Re Development	32,711 14,153 14,490	61,354	136,644 21,148 54,369 26,971 3,486 1,437	(182,701) \$
P Transportation D	137,011 41,762 4,810	183,583	247,850 210,334 35,566 46,857 32,277 2,651 289,389 864,924	(681,341) \$
Protective Services In	21,368 121,708 44,902	187,978	164,933 68,517 79,191 - 3,495 38,964 - 3855,100	(167,122) \$
General Administration	\$ 1,441,856 \$ 443,617 4,868 140,390 146,961	4,991,626	365,955 92,531 172,102 65,195 - 1,289 27,832	\$ 4,266,722 \$
	REVENUE  Net taxation Government transfers User fees and sale of goods Other revenues Franchise fees Contributed assets		EXPENSES Salaries, wages and benefits Materials, goods and utilities Contracted and general services Other expenses Interest on long-term debt Government transfers Bank charges and short-term interest Amortization of tangible capital assets	ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are the representations of the Town of Mayerthorpe's (the "Town") management prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

#### (a) Reporting Entity

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses, and changes in equity balances and cash flows of the Town.

#### (b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods and services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

#### (c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where management uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (d) Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met by the Town, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

# (e) Requisition of Over-Levies and Under-Levies

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned. If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. In situations where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue. Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (f) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the annual surplus, provides the consolidated change in net financial assets for the year.

#### i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements	15-50 years
Buildings	50 years
Engineered structures	5-75 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	10-20 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

## ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

#### iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

### (g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes bank accounts, petty cash and guaranteed investment certificates. All amounts are readily converted into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant change in value.

#### (h) Inventories

Inventories for consumption are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with cost determined by the average cost method.

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks, and street lighting are recorded as capital assets under their respective function.

#### (i) Tax Revenue

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are levied.

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality and are recognized as revenue in the year the tax is levied.

# 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (j) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are the result of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism in amounts that exceed an environmental standard being introduced into soil, water or sediment. The Town recognizes a liability for remediation of contaminated sites when the following criteria have been met:

- an environmental standard exists:
- there is evidence that contamination exceeds an environmental standard;
- the Town is directly responsible or accepts responsibility for the contamination;
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Sites that are currently in productive use are only considered contaminated sites if an unexpected event results in remediation. In cases where the Town's responsibility is not determinable, a contingent liability may be disclosed.

The liability reflects the Town's best estimate, as of December 31, 2019 of the amount required to remediate non-productive sites to the current minimum standard of use prior to contamination. Where possible, provisions for remediation are based on environmental assessments completed on a site; for those sites where an assessment has not been completed, estimates of the remediation are completed using information available for the site and by extrapolating from the cost to clean up similar sites. The liability is recorded net of any estimated recoveries from third parties. When cash flows are expected to occur over extended future periods the Town will measure the liability using present value techniques.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Bank accounts Guaranteed investment certificates Petty cash Line of credit	\$ 636,929 40,350 1,440 <u>(217,519</u> )	\$ 348,972 300,000 1,440
	\$ <u>461,200</u>	\$ 650,412

Guaranteed investment certificates have interest rates ranging from 2.16% to 3.24% with maturity dates ranging from May 9, 2020 to June 28, 2023. Please refer to Note 18 for further details regarding the line of credit.

# 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Trade Property taxes Utilities Goods and Services Tax	\$ 325,371 241,621 90,015 33,919	\$ 578,101 231,231 84,571 45,952
	690,926	939,855
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(28,090)	
	\$ <u>662,836</u>	\$ 939,855

### 4. LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS RECEIVABLE

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Local improvement bylaw #1052, expiring 2036 Local improvement bylaw #1068, expiring 2037 Local improvement bylaw #1050, expiring 2036 Local improvement bylaw #896, expiring 2026 Local improvement bylaw #1036, expiring 2040 Local improvement bylaw #994, expiring 2023 Local improvement bylaw #1053, expiring 2041 Local improvement bylaw #1011, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #1013, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #937, expiring 2029 Local improvement bylaw #1000, expiring 2023 Local improvement bylaw #1015, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #1012, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #1012, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #1012, expiring 2024 Local improvement bylaw #1002, expiring 2028	\$ 399,600 130,335 97,411 87,731 77,595 51,423 37,751 23,795 23,052 21,116 11,759 7,141 5,278 3,212	\$ 399,703 137,575 103,141 100,264 81,290 64,279 39,392 28,554 27,662 23,228 14,699 8,569 6,333 3,569
	\$ 977,199	\$ 1,038,258

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Trade Contaminated sites Vacation and banked time Accrued interest on long-term debt Construction holdbacks	\$	288,656 100,000 68,122 10,741	\$	386,632 100,000 71,129 11,396 97,691
	\$_	467,519	\$_	666,848

#### 6. DEFERRED REVENUE

7.

Deferred revenue consists of the following amounts which have been restricted by third parties for a specific purpose. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred.

expenditures are incurred.								
		Opening		Receipts/ Refund)		Revenue		Ending
MSI Capital ACP - Regional collaboration grant Prepaid user fees and licenses Prepaid property taxes Other miscellaneous grants Federal Gas Tax Fund Prepaid utilities	\$ - \$_	333,648 322,811 22,746 17,603 15,438 1,247 1,087 714,580	\$ - \$_	268,703 4,244 16,174 11,773 130,235 150,775 2,553 584,457	\$ - \$_	(390,117) (116,288) (22,746) (17,603) (99,336) (69,993) (1,087) (717,170)	\$ - \$_	212,234 210,767 16,174 11,773 46,337 82,029 2,553 581,867
LONG-TERM DEBT						<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Debenture debt held by Alberta Authority, repayable in semi-annua \$27,651 including interest at 4.268%	Lir		of		\$	636,458	\$	663,720

Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance
Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of
\$27,651 including interest at 4.268%; due December
15, 2035.

\$ 636,458 \$ 663,720

Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance
Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of
\$21,029 including interest at 2.915%; due December
15, 2037.

585,806 610,252

Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance
Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of
\$18,531 including interest at 4.589%; due December
15, 2034.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT'D)	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$14,920 including interest at 3.058%; due December 15, 2036.	371,913	388,379
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$12,087 including interest at 3.130%; due March 15, 2037.	330,752	344,257
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$6,635 including interest at 2.922%; due June 15, 2032.	138,132	147,168
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$4,898 including interest at 3.130%; due March 15, 2037.	130,187	139,511
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$10,469 including interest at 4.699%; due September 15, 2026.	123,683	138,293
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$3,838 including interest at 3.022%; due March 15, 2037.	103,744	108,184
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$6,925 including interest at 2.299%; due December 15, 2026.	89,077	100,679
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$9,115 including interest at 2.314%; due December 15, 2024.	85,612	101,584
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$2,651 including interest at 3.039%; due December 15, 2040.	81,852	84,603
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$6,260 including interest at 2.756%; due December 16, 2023.	47,109	58,102

16.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT'D)	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$1,204 including interest at 3.245%; due December 15, 2041.	37,668	38,826
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$1,428 including interest at 4.589%; due December 15, 2034.	30,735	32,133
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$1,610 including interest at 2.756%; due December 16, 2023.	12,118	14,946
Debenture debt held by Alberta Capital Finance Authority, repayable in semi-annual installments of \$359 including interest at 3.295%; due December 16, 2028.	2,943	3,220
	\$ <u>3,206,494</u>	\$ <u>3,390,700</u>
Princi	ipal Interest	<u>Total</u>
2020       \$ 186,         2021       192,         2022       199,         2023       206,         2024       197,         Thereafter       2,224,	724 104,393 331 97,745 177 90,855 425 83,830	\$ 297,158 297,117 297,076 297,032 281,255 2,722,277
\$ <u>3,206.</u>	<u>,494</u> \$ <u>985,421</u>	\$ <u>4,191,915</u>

Interest on long-term debt expense amounted to \$116,172 (2018 - \$123,580).

The Town's total cash payments for interest amounted to \$116,786 (2018 - \$124,328).

8. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 1) Long-term debt (Note 7) Local improvements receivable (Note 4)	\$ 44,030,070 (15,435,645) (3,206,494) 977,199	\$ 40,241,358 (14,564,679) (3,390,700) 1,038,258
	\$ <u>26,365,130</u>	\$ <u>23,324,237</u>
9. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
UNRESTRICTED SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ <u>(194,117)</u>	\$ (34,076)
Administration Bylaw enforcement Cemetery Culture Disaster services Economic development Emergency response centre Environmental Fire Murals Planning Public transit Public works Recreation Sewer Solid waste Storm sewer and drainage Tax stabilization Utility Water	10,139 15,431 27,963 49,820 21,360 74,704 3,372 27,583 109,720 4,828 9,419 4,419 26,912 48,475 822 24,579 4,057 11,658 7,315 532	6,483 5,431 25,780 34,765 18,886 60,174 872 20,083 106,595 4,828 4,419 7,770 29,412 50,150 13,339 30,846 5,057 11,658 2,425 5,392
EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 8)	<u>483,108</u> <u>26,365,130</u>	<u>444,365</u> <u>23,324,237</u>
	\$ <u>26,654,121</u>	\$ <u>23,734,526</u>

#### 10. SALARIES AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	<u>s</u>	Salary (1)		Benefits (2)		2019 <u>Total</u>		2018 <u>Total</u>
Mayor Janet Jabush Mayor Kate Patrick	\$	15,305 560	\$	620	\$	15,925 560	\$	- 14,625
Councilors Pat Burns Sandra Morton Bernie Jogola Pat Hagman Anna Greenwood Jonathan Arseneault Janet Jabush Clay Davidson		12,102 11,845 10,940 10,352 9,272 5,557 1,672 279		439 426 379 349 294 105 68		12,541 12,271 11,319 10,701 9,566 5,662 1,740 279		10,492 9,527 8,168 8,995 - 8,194 9,485
Chief Administrative Officer		166,396		37,893		204,289		195,554
Designated Officers		125,070		22,067		147,137		119,384

<sup>(1)</sup> Salary includes regular base pay, per diem payments and any other direct cash remuneration.

#### 11. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the *Municipal Government Act* requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

		2019		2018
Total debt limit Total debt	\$	5,760,069 (3,206,494)	\$_	5,075,618 (3,390,700)
Amount of total debt limit unused	\$_	2,553,575	\$_	1,684,918
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$	960,012 (297,158)	\$_	845,936 (299,441)
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$_	662,854	\$_	546,495

The debt limit is calculated at 1.50 times revenue of the Town (as defined in the Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated as 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are a conservative guideline used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at a financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

<sup>(2)</sup> Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of the employee benefits and contributions made on behalf of employees including pension and health care benefits.

#### 12. CONTINGENCIES

The Town is a member of the MUNIX Reciprocal Insurance Exchange. Under the terms of the membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

#### 13. FRANCHISE FEES

Disclosure of franchise fees under each utility franchise agreement entered into by the Town as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

, ,	J		<u>2019</u> Budget) Note 16)		<u>2019</u> (Actual)		<u>2018</u> (Actual)
Fortis Alberta ATCO Gas		\$	75,375 62,022	<b>\$</b>	89,183 57,778	\$ _	78,323 51,581
		\$_	137,397	\$_	146,961	\$_	129,904

#### 14. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the *Public Sector Pension Plans Act.* LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the Plan of 9.39% (2018 - 10.39%) of pensionable earnings up to the Canada Pension Plan year's maximum pensionable earnings and 13.84% (2018 - 14.84%) for the excess. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 8.39% (2018 - 9.39%) of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings and 12.84% (2018 - 13.84%) on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current and past service contributions made by the Town to the LAPP in 2019 were \$89,776 (2018 - \$88,649). Total current and past service contributions made by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2019 were \$81,581 (2018 - \$81,825).

At December 31, 2018, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$3.5 billion (2017 - \$4.8 billion).

#### 15. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Town provides a range of services to its residents. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in *Note 1*. For additional information see the Schedule of Segment Disclosure (*Schedule 4*).

#### 16. BUDGET

The budget figures are provided for information purposes only, and have not been audited. The 2019 budget, prepared by the Town of Mayerthorpe, reflects all municipal activities including capital projects and restricted surplus for future use. The reconciliation below is provided to encompass these items and is provided for information purposes only.

	<u>2019</u> (Budget)
Annual surplus (per statement of operations and accumulated surplus) Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net transfers to restricted surplus Debenture repayment	\$ 1,380,504 (1,052,715) (147,435) (180,354)
	\$ <u>-</u>

# 17. LIABILITY FOR CONTAMINATED SITES

As of December 31, 2019, the liability for contaminated sites relates to a property owned by the Town that has soil contamination.

Liability estimates are based on environmental site assessments. The Town has recognized a total liability for the remediation of contaminated sites of \$100,000 (2018 - \$100,000). The liability is reported in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (*Note 5*) in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 18. CREDIT FACILITY

The Town is approved for a revolving demand loan of \$800,000 that is available, if needed, for operating cash flow. The interest rate is set at prime minus 0.25%. The balance outstanding on the loan as of December 31, 2019 was \$217,519 (2018 - \$NIL).

#### 19. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.